

MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES AND REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Your floor is ready for use when you buy it. After installation, your floor may need a thorough cleaning. Don't use any additional protective products and follow these simple steps:

1. CLEANING

- Sweep or vacuum daily using soft bristle attachments, vacuum cleaner should not have beater bars or hard plastics.
- Clean up spills and excessive liquids immediately.
- Damp mop as needed and use neutral cleaners recommended for vinyl flooring. No soap or oil cleaners should be used; restorative products must never be used (e.g., "mop and glo", Rejuvenate Restorer, any other floor finish).
- The use of residential steam mops on this product is allowed. Use at lowest power with a suitable soft pad, and do not hold a steam mop on one spot for an extended period of time (longer than 5 minutes). Refer to the steam mop's manufacturer instructions for proper usage.
- All vinyl floors benefit from regular maintenance; accumulated soil may lead to scratching.
- Do not use abrasive cleaners, bleach, wax or high % not diluted vinegar to maintain the floor.
- Do not buff.

2. STAINS

- Remove stains as soon as possible, with a well-wrung, slightly damp cloth. Worn-in stains are difficult to remove.
- Never use acetone or harsh chemicals.
- For stubborn spills use low odor mineral spirits or denatured alcohol applied to a clean cloth. Never pour chemicals directly on floor.
- For chocolate, grease, juice and wine stains, use lukewarm water and a non-abrasive cleaner.
- For candle wax and chewing gum, scrape carefully with a blunt plastic scraper.
- Pet stains (including urine, feces and vomit from domestic cats or dogs) need to be cleaned within 24 hours.

3. PROTECTING

- Avoid bringing dirt, sand, grit and substances such as oil or asphalt indoors, use non staining mat at entrances (inside and out). A walk-off mat at outside entrances to reduce the amount of dirt brought into your home.
- Do not use mats with a latex or rubber backing since these backings can cause permanent discoloration.



- For areas with rolling chairs (e.g. desk area), ensure a protective mat is used under the chair.
- Do not allow cigarettes, matches or other very hot items to get in contact with the floor as this may cause permanent damage.
- Do not drag or slide heavy objects across the floor. When moving appliances or heavy furniture it is always wise to lay a plywood panel, or similar, on your floor and "walk" the item across it. This protects your floor from scuffing, gouging and tears.
- Use proper floor protection devices such as felt protectors under furniture. Felt pads should be timely maintained. Do not use colored floor protectors.
- Please bear in mind that pets with sharp nails can leave deep scratches on the floor.

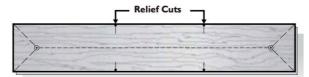
FLOORING REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

A damaged board in the middle of the floor doesn't require disassembling the whole floor. You can fix it by cutting that single damaged board out and replacing it with a new one.

Things you'll need: pencil, straightedge, plunge saw, cutting blade for soft surfaces, chisel, utility blade/concave knife, premium vinyl adhesive (a high-grab high-shear hard-setting adhesive), weights (approximately 90lbs / 40kg).

Instructions:

1. Mark damaged board 1-1/2" / 3.81cm from ends and sides. Drill 3/16" / 4.76mm holes in corners and at relief cuts.



- 2. Using a concave knife /a utility blade knife / a saw (set saw depth to board thickness) cut along lines and remove center section. Make relief cuts using drilled holes as visible stop.
- 3. Carefully lift and pull center length cut first, then work into corners to remove end pieces last.
- 4. Vacuum the area from any debris and dust.
- 5. Using a concave knife /a utility blade knife / a saw, prepare replacement board by removing bottom of groove on both the short and long sides (see drawing below).





- 6. Apply a thin bead of glue to the edges of the remaining planks on the floor surrounding the plank being replaced.
- 7. Hold the board at a 45-degree angle. Slip the tongue that is still present into the groove at one end of the hole. Gently lower the board into place in the hole.
- 8. Use a rubber mallet and a tapping block to tap the replacement plank into place.
- 9. Be sure not to get any excess glue on the surface of the planks. If some glue does get on surface, wipe it off and clean immediately following glue manufacturer's instructions.
- 10. Weigh the board down and allow the glue to dry for at least 48 hours.